The following product has been evaluated for compliance with the wind loads specified in the International Residential Code (IRC) and the International Building Code (IBC).

This product evaluation is not an endorsement of this product or a recommendation that this product be used. The Texas Department of Insurance has not authorized the use of any information contained in the product evaluation for advertising, or other commercial or promotional purpose.

This product evaluation is intended for use by those individuals who are following the design wind load criteria in Chapter 3 of the IRC and Section 1609 of the IBC. The design loads determined for the building or structure shall not exceed the design load rating specified for the products shown in the limitations section of this product evaluation. This product evaluation does not relieve a Texas licensed engineer of his responsibilities as outlined in the Texas Insurance Code, the Texas Administrative Code, and the Texas Engineering Practice Act.

For more information, contact TDI Engineering Services Program at (800) 248-6032.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Evaluation ID:</th>
<th>FR-02</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Effective Date:</strong></td>
<td>August 1, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Re-evaluation Date:</strong></td>
<td>August 2023</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Product Name:** R-Control Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs)

**Manufacturer:** AFM Corporation  
17645 Juniper Path, #260  
Lakeville, MN 55044  
(952)890-0809  
www.r-control.com

will be acceptable as an alternative residential construction method in designated catastrophe areas along the Texas Gulf Coast when constructed in accordance with this product evaluation.

**General Description:**
R-Control Structural Insulated Panels (SIPs) are factory-built structural insulated panels that are used as structurally insulated wall, roof, and floor panels in buildings. The SIPs are fabricated to fit each specific design situation and are subsequently assembled on the job site to form the structural shell. The SIPs consist of oriented strand board (OSB) facings with an expanded polystyrene (EPS) core. The OSB is bonded to the EPS core with structural grade adhesive. The SIPs may be used as loadbearing and non-loadbearing wall and roof components as well as floor components. The SIP thickness is available from 4-1/2" to 12-1/4". The SIPS are available in widths from 4 feet to 8 feet and in lengths from 8 feet to 24 feet.
The top and bottom plates of the SIPs are dimension lumber that is sized to match the EPS core thickness of the SIPs. The dimension lumber top and bottom plates are secured to the OSB face panels with Low VOC Do-All-Ply® sealant and fasteners.

R-Control SIPs are connected to each other at the panel edges using splines which may consist of dimension lumber, engineered wood products, or pre-fabricated I-beams which have been evaluated by AFM for use with the SIPs. The SIPs are connected together with the splines using fasteners and Low VOC DO-All-Ply® sealant.

**Product Identification:** Each R-Control SIP shall bear the manufacturer’s name and the label of the inspection agency, PFS Corporation.

**Installation:**

**General:** Structures built using the R-Control SIPs must be designed and inspected by a Texas licensed professional engineer that is appointed by TDI. Requirements for the design of the SIPs must be based on the tables and details specified in this evaluation report and the manufacturer’s installation requirements. The tables presented in this evaluation report are for the design of the SIPs for walls, roof, and floors. The design of chords, struts, and connections (such as the attachment of diaphragms to chords and struts, the attachment of the SIPs to the foundation, and the hardware required to resist uplift, shear, and the overturning of the shear wall segments) must be designed separately. Design drawings must include instructions for the connection and installation of the panels. The design drawings must be sealed and dated by the design engineer. The design drawings must reference the appropriate edition of the wind load standard (ASCE 7) used based on the current building specifications adopted by TDI. The basic wind speed and the exposure category used for the design must also be referenced.

**Design Loads:** Design wind loads for the SIPs must be determined using the wind load requirements for the structure as specified in the building specifications adopted by TDI. All loads on the SIPs must not exceed the allowable loads specified in load design charts.

**Load Design Charts:** Allowable axial, transverse, racking, header, and diaphragm loads for the SIPs must be as specified in Tables 1-9 of this evaluation report and as specified in the R-Control Load Design Charts for SIPs (Structural Insulated Panels), dated June 2012. NOTE: The requirements specified in the tables in this evaluation report must govern if there are any conflicts between the manufacturer’s Load Design Charts and the tables and figures in this evaluation report.

**Foundation:** The foundation is considered to be part of the structure and must be considered part of the design for the structure. If the foundation is not designed by the engineer responsible for the design of the SIP system, then the design plans must indicate such. As a minimum, the design plans must indicate how the SIP system is to be anchored to the foundation. If the foundation is included as part of the design, then the design plans must include all details and specifications related to the design of the foundation to resist the specified wind loads and must indicate how the structure is to be anchored to the foundation.
**Roof Coverings:** The design plans must indicate the requirements for the roof coverings. The roof coverings must comply with the building specifications adopted by TDI. For roof coverings other than asphalt shingles, the design plans must specify the design pressure requirements for the roof covering. The roof covering must be installed as required to resist wind pressure.

**Exterior wall coverings:** Exterior wall coverings must be installed as required to resist wind pressure. Products must comply with the building specifications adopted by TDI. The design plans must specify the design pressure requirements for the exterior wall coverings.

**Windows, doors, garage doors, and skylights:** Products must be installed as specified in evaluation reports to resist wind pressure. Products must comply with the building specifications adopted by TDI. The design plans must specify the design pressure requirements for the products. The design plans must indicate if the products are required to be windborne debris resistant. Windborne debris resistant products must be installed as specified in evaluation reports to resist wind pressure and windborne debris.

**Shutters:** The design plans must indicate if shutters are required. Products must be installed as specified in evaluation reports or the building specifications adopted by TDI as required to resist wind pressure and windborne debris. Products must comply with the building specifications adopted by TDI. The design plans must specify the design pressures requirements for the shutters.

**Note:** A set of sealed plans, manufacturer’s installation instructions, R-Control Load Design Charts for SIPs (Structural Insulated Panels), dated June 2012, and this product evaluation report must be available to the inspector at the job site at all times. All fasteners must be corrosion resistant as specified in the IRC, the IBC, and the Texas Revisions.

Wall – Unity Equation

The equation shown below is to determine design suitability. The equation takes into account the ultimate load for a panel subjected to both axial load and transverse (bending) load conditions.

\[
\frac{Design \ Axial \ Load}{Allowable \ Axial \ Load} + \frac{Design \ Transverse \ Load}{Allowable \ Transverse \ Load} \leq 1
\]

Note: Refer to Table 1 for Wall Axial Loading.
Refer to Table 3 for Wall Transverse Loading.
### Table 1
Wall – Uniform Axial Loads
(See Detail SIP-101c)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP THICKNESS</th>
<th>SIPS installed with the strong axis of the OSB facings perpendicular to SIP height.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>R-CONTROL STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>SIP HEIGHT (FEET)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-1/2”</td>
<td>8: 2750, 8 WAB: 2300, 10: 2500, 12: 2000, 14: 2750, 16: 2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-1/2”</td>
<td>8: 4000, 8 WAB: 2400, 10: 3500, 12: 3000, 14: 2750, 16: 2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-1/4”</td>
<td>8: 4000, 8 WAB: 2400, 10: 3500, 12: 3000, 14: 2750, 16: 2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-1/4”</td>
<td>8: 4000, 8 WAB: 2400, 10: 3500, 12: 3000, 14: 2750, 16: 2500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-1/4”</td>
<td>8: 4000, 8 WAB: 2400, 10: 3500, 12: 3000, 14: 2750, 16: 2500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### GENERAL NOTES:
Chart Values are pounds per square foot.
Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.
Table 2
Walls – Shear Loading – PLF
(See Detail SIP-102, SIP-102g, SIP-102m, or SIP-102k)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPLINE TYPE</th>
<th>CONNECTIONS</th>
<th>SHEAR STRENGTH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>NAIL TYPE</td>
<td>NAIL SPACING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface or Block</td>
<td>8d Box</td>
<td>6&quot; o.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2-1/2” x 0.113”)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1x Lumber Block</td>
<td>8d Cooler</td>
<td>Two staggered rows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2-3/8” x 0.113”)</td>
<td>4” o.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4x Lumber</td>
<td>8d Cooler</td>
<td>Two staggered rows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2-3/8” x 0.113”)</td>
<td>4” o.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4x Lumber</td>
<td>8d Cooler</td>
<td>Two staggered rows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2-3/8” x 0.113”)</td>
<td>3” o.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4x Lumber</td>
<td>8d Cooler</td>
<td>Two staggered rows</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2-3/8” x 0.113”)</td>
<td>2” o.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENERAL NOTES:
Chart values are pounds per lineal foot.
Chart values are applicable to any thickness SIP.
Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.
Required connections must be made on both sides of spline joint, bottom plate, top plate, and each side of the SIP.
Top plate joints must be staggered a minimum of one foot from spline joints.
Plates, chords, hold-downs, and connections to other structural elements must be designed by a Texas licensed Professional Engineer in accordance with accepted engineering practice.
Table 3  
Wall-Transverse Loads- PSF  
(See Detail SIP-101c)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP THICKNESS</th>
<th>DEFLECTION LIMIT</th>
<th>SIP HEIGHT (FEET)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8 WAB&lt;sup&gt;1&lt;/sup&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-1/2&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-1/2&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<sup>1</sup> WAB = SIPS installed with the strong axis of the OSB facings perpendicular to SIP height.

**GENERAL NOTES:**

Chart values are pounds per square foot.

Chart values are applicable to any spline connection.

Surface, block or lumber block spline connected to SIP facing with 8d box (0.113) at 6” o.c.

Values are for total load (Dead Load + Live Load)

Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.
Table 4
Roof/Floor-Transverse Loads- PSF
(See Details SIP-102, SIP-102g, or SIP-102m)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP THICKNESS</th>
<th>DEFLECTION LIMIT</th>
<th>SIP HEIGHT (FEET)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4-1/2”</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>127</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6-1/2”</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>131</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-1/4”</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-1/4”</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-1/4”</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 values for 8 ft. span are applicable to SIPS installed with the strong axis of the OSB facings parallel or perpendicular to SIP span.

**GENERAL NOTES:**
Chart values are pounds per square foot.

- Surface, block or lumber block spline connected to SIP facing with 8d box (0.113) at 6” o.c.
- Continuous support with a minimum bearing of 1-1/2” at each end required.
- Chart is based on uniform loads.
- Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.
- Floors must have a minimum 7/16” thick OSB or equivalent overlay.
- For sloped SIPS, the loading conditions and sip capacities should be reviewed based upon the inclined SIP length. Refer to R-Control SIP technical bulletin SIP No. 2042.
- Values are for total load (Dead Load + Live Load)
- Deflection based upon $K_{cr}=1.0$ for long term deflection under sustained load (Creep), additional deflection must be evaluated.
Table 5
Roof/Floor – Transverse Loads – PSF
(See 2x Spline Details SIP-102d and SIP-108)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP THICKNESS</th>
<th>DEFLECTION LIMIT</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>12</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>16</th>
<th>18</th>
<th>20</th>
<th>22</th>
<th>24</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6-1/2&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>30</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>22</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>33</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>124</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENERAL NOTES:
Chart Values are pounds per square foot.

Double 2x spline must be continuous, spaced 4’ o.c., and connected to SIP facing with 8d box (0,113) nails at 6” o.c.

Continuous support with a minimum double 2x spline bearing of 1-1/2” at each end required.

Chart is based on uniform loads.

Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.

Floors must have a minimum 7/16" thick OSB or equivalent overlay.

For spans greater than 22’ and for all 12-1/4" SIPs, double 2x spline is required to be #2 Douglas Fir or better.

For sloped SIPs, the loading conditions and SIP capacities should be reviewed based upon the inclined SIP length. Refer to R-CONTROL SIP Technical Bulletin No. 2042.

Values are for Total Load (Dead Load+Live Load).

Deflection based upon Kcr=1.0 for long term deflection under sustained load (Creep), additional deflection must be evaluated.
Table 6  
Roof/Floor – Transverse Loads – PSF  
(See I-Beam Spline Details SIP-102b and SIP-108a)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>R-CONTROL STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SIP THICKNESS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12-1/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**GENERAL NOTES:**

Chart Values are pounds per square foot.

I-Beam spline must be continuous, spaced 4’ o.c., and connected to SIP facing with 8d box (0.113) nails at 6” o.c.

Continuous support with a minimum I-Beam spline bearing of 1-1/2" at each end required.

Chart is based on uniform loads.

Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.

Floors must have a minimum 7/16" thick OSB or equivalent overlay.

For sloped SIPS, the loading conditions and SIP capacities should be reviewed based upon the inclined SIP length. Refer to R-CONTROL SIP Technical Bulletin No. 2042.

Values are for Total Load (Dead Load+Live Load).

Deflection based upon Kcr=1.0 for long term deflection under sustained load (Creep), additional deflection must be evaluated.
Table 7
Roof/Floor-Transverse Loads- PSF
(LVL Spline Detail SIP-102a)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP THICKNESS</th>
<th>DEFLECTION LIMIT</th>
<th>R-CONTROL LVL SPLINE WIDTH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SIP SPAN (FEET)</td>
<td>1-3/4&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8-1/4&quot;</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L/180</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>51</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>45</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>40</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENERAL NOTES:
Chart Values are pounds per square foot.

LVL spline must be continuous, spaced 4' o.c., and connected to SIP facing with 8d box (0.113) nails at 6" o.c.

Continuous support with a minimum LVL spline bearing of 1-1/2" at each end required.

Chart is based on uniform loads.

Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.

Floors must have a minimum 7/16" thick OSB or equivalent overlay.

For sloped SIPS, the loading conditions and SIP capacities should be reviewed based upon the inclined SIP length. Refer to R-CONTROL SIP Technical Bulletin No. 2042.

Values are for Total Load (Dead Load+Live Load).

Deflection based upon Kcr=1.0 for long term deflection under sustained load (Creep), additional deflection must be evaluated.
Table 8
Wall-Header Loads – PSF
(See Details SIP-112 through SIP-114)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HEADER DEPTH</th>
<th>DEFLECTION LIMIT</th>
<th>HEADER SPAN (FEET)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12&quot;</td>
<td>L/480</td>
<td>524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>703</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>708</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18&quot;</td>
<td>L/480</td>
<td>762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24&quot;</td>
<td>L/480</td>
<td>837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/360</td>
<td>837</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>L/240</td>
<td>837</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

GENERAL NOTES:
Chart values are pounds per lineal foot.

Loads limited by deflection or ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.

Posts supporting header, when required, must be designed by Texas licensed Professional Engineer in accordance with accepted engineering practice.
Table 9
Roof/Floor – Diaphragm Loads – PLF
(See Details SIP-139a, SIP-140 and SIP-141)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>R-CONTROL STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL</th>
<th>FASTENER SPACING</th>
<th>SPLINES</th>
<th>SIPS TO SUPPORT PARALLEL TO SHEAR</th>
<th>ALLOWABLE STRENGTH (PLF)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>BOUNDARIES</strong>¹</td>
<td><strong>8D BOX NAILS</strong></td>
<td><strong>8D BOX NAILS</strong></td>
<td><strong>R-CONTROL SCREWS</strong>³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R-CONTROL SCREWS³</td>
<td>6”</td>
<td>3” @ top and bottom</td>
<td>3” two rows each side of joint and staggered</td>
<td>12”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4”</td>
<td>3” @ top and bottom</td>
<td>3” two rows each side of joint and staggered</td>
<td>12”</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3”</td>
<td>3” @ top and bottom</td>
<td>3” two rows each side of joint and staggered</td>
<td>12”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ Diaphragm boundary elements must consist of full-depth, solid sawn lumber, 2-inch minimum nominal width, minimum specific gravity of 0.50, inserted in SIP core, continuous across panel joints. Panel edges parallel to applied shear shall be reinforced with solid sawn lumber, 4-inch minimum nominal width, and minimum specific gravity of 0.50.

² Nails connect SIP facings at joints to OSB surface splines located under top face at all panel edges, at the tabulated spacing.

³ Diaphragm secured to support members with R-CONTROL screws at the tabulated spacing and a minimum 1-5/8” penetration into the receiving member.

**GENERAL NOTES:**
Chart values are pounds per lineal foot.

Surface, block, or lumber block spline.

Loads limited by ultimate failure load divided by a factor of safety of three.
See SIP–101a for Do–All–Ply at top and bottom plates.

Top Plate.

R–Control SIP.

R–Control Do–All–Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

Bottom Plate

Factory electrical chase.

NOTE: OSB facings must be fully supported by foundation system.

SECTION
Scale: NTS
Updated 1–16–12

R–Control® SIP

TITLE:
Do–All–Ply® Application
NO.
SIP–101b

Factory electrical chase.

R–Control Do–All–Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead top & bottom plate, see SIP–101a.

NOTE: Use minimum grade SPF #2 or engineered equivalent for 2X plating.

SECTION
Scale: NTS
Updated 1–16–12

R–Control® SIP

TITLE:
Plate Connections
NO.
SIP–101c
Note: Spline to be of material conforming to DOC PS2, min thickness 7/16".

R-Control Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.
Factory electrical chase.

R-Control SIP.

Sdb box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent. Typical each side of panel.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

Width as required to meet structural requirements.

Continuous Engineered wood spline.
R-Control SIP.

R-Control Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead, each side.
Factory electrical chase.

Sdb box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent. Typical each side of panel.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

SECTION/PLAN
Scale: NTS
Updated 3-16-12

R-Control® SIP
TITLE: Spline Connection
Surface Spline
NO. SIP-102

SECTION/PLAN
Scale: NTS
Updated 1-18-12

R-Control® SIP
TITLE: Spline Connection
Engineered Wood
NO. SIP-102a
**SECTION/PLAN**

**R-Control SIP**

**TITLE:** Spline Connection
**I-Beam Spline**
**NO.:** SIP-102b

Factory electrical chase.

R-Control Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

Continuous R-Control I-Beam Spline.

8d box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent. Typical each side of panel.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

**Scale:** NTS

Updated 3-26-12

---

**SECTION/PLAN**

**R-Control SIP**

**TITLE:** Spline Connection
**Double 2X**
**NO.:** SIP-102d

Factory electrical chase.

10d box (0.128) nails @ 12" o.c. two rows staggered.

R-Control Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

Continuous Double 2X spline.

8d box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent. Typical each side of panel.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

**Scale:** NTS

Updated 1-18-12
SECTION/PLAN

SCALE: NTS

R-Control® SIP

TITLE: Spline Connection
Block Spline

NO. SIP-102g

Updated 1–15–12

8d box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent.

Typical each side of panel.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

3"
Continuous double 2X spline or engineered equivalent. See SIP-102d (or SIP-102a) for spline connection & fastening information.

R-Control SIP, see Load Design Chart #3 for load capacity.

Note:
SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

ISOMETRIC PLAN
Scale: NTS
Updated 1-18-12

R-Control® SIP
TITLE: Floor/roof SIP 2X Connection NO. SIP-108

Continuous R-Control I-Beam Spline. See SIP-102b for spline connection & fastening information.

R-Control SIP, see Load Design Chart #3A for load capacity.

Note:
SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

ISOMETRIC PLAN
Scale: NTS
Updated 1-18-12

R-Control® SIP
TITLE: Floor/roof SIP I-Beam Connection NO. SIP-108a
**ISOMETRIC**
Scale: NTS  Updated 1–16–12

**R-CONTROL® SIP**

**TITLE:** Headers  **NO.:** SIP–112

**NOTE:** Diagram represents headers in a wall assembly. Refer to detail SIP–112a. Minimum dimensions are not required between openings, but the posts supporting the header must extend to the floor. The bottom plate of the header must extend to the outside of the post.

---

**SECTION**
Scale: NTS  Updated 1–16–12

**R-CONTROL® SIP**

**TITLE:** SIP Header Plates  **NO.:** SIP–113

**R-CONTROL SIP** used as header.

Bd box (0.113) nails @ 8" o.c. each side, top & bottom or equivalent.

R-CONTROL Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

See Load Design Chart #5 for allowable depths, spans & capacities of R-Control SIP used as a header.

---
Continuous top plate over openings.

Surface splines.

8" o.c. max span for R-Control SIP headers. See Load Design Chart.

R-Beam SIP.

Continuous bottom plate.

2X platting around window and door openings. Numbers indicate sequencing for installation. Refer to SIP-115 for connection of 2X's to OSB facings.

NOTE: Diagram represents headers in a monolithic wall assembly. Splines may occur above & below openings. Minimum panel dimension of 12" must be maintained over openings.

SECTION
Scale: NTS
Updated 1-16-12

R–Control® SIP

TITLE: SIP Header NO. SIP–114

R–Control® SIP

TITLE: Openings in SIPS NO. SIP–115

8d box (0.113) nails @ 6" o.c. each side or equivalent.

R–Control Do-All–Ply
1/2” diameter continuous bead.

Note: This detail is applicable for horizontal or vertical panels.

Rough Opening

1 1/2”
**PLAN**

Top Spline:
- 8d box (0.113) in two rows
- 3" o.c. both sides of joint.

**SECTION**

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

Bottom Spline:
- 8d box (0.113) nails
- 6" o.c. in single row both sides of joint.

Note: Spline to be of material conforming to DOC PS2, min thickness 7/16".

**Note:** roof covering & underlayment as req’d by code.

**SECTION**

R-Control Wood Screw.

R-Control Do-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

Member designed by others.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

min. 1 5/8" penetration.
Note: roof covering & underlayment as req'd by code.

Note: Spline to be of material conforming to DOC PS2, min thickness 7/16".

8d box (0.113) nails @ 3" o.c. both sides of panel joint or equivalent. (See SIP-139)

R-Control SIP.

R-Control Wood Screw, min. 1-5/8" penetration, see Load Design Charts for spacing requirements.

R-Control Da-All-Ply 1/2" diameter continuous bead.

SIP Tape or equivalent vapor retarder located interior or exterior per climate conditions or code requirement.

Structural support member. Minimum 3" wide.

SECTION
Scale: NTS

R-Control® SIP

Updated 1-16-12

TITLE: Diaphragm Connection
- Intermediate support
NO. SIP-141